## Toric degenerations of cluster varieties

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Joint work with Lara Bossinger, Juan Bosco Frías Medina, and Alfredo Nájera Chávez arXiv:1809.08369 [math.AG]

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### Moral definition

A *cluster variety* is a scheme built out of algebraic tori, birationally glued so that the volume forms on tori patch together giving a global volume form.

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- Birational gluing maps far more specific than this.
- Two classes of gluing maps, giving two types of cluster varieties:  ${\cal A}$  and  ${\cal X}.$

### $\mathcal{A}$ -varieties

• Gluing:

$$\begin{split} A_k \cdot \mu_k^* \left( A_k' \right) &= \prod_{j:\epsilon_{kj} > 0} A_j^{\epsilon_{kj}} + \prod_{j:\epsilon_{kj} < 0} A_j^{-\epsilon_{kj}} \\ \mu_k^* \left( A_i' \right) &= A_i \quad \text{for } i \neq k \end{split}$$

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•  $\mathcal{X}$  tori endowed with Poisson structure:  $\{X_i, X_j\} = \epsilon_{ij}X_iX_j$ .

## The take-away

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  - Generalizes polytope construction of projective toric varieties.

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#### Remark

•  $\mathcal{A}$  side worked out in [GHKK18].

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- We focus on  ${\mathcal X}$  side.

Cluster varieties encoded by scattering diagrams.

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Example ( $A_2$  cluster varieties–  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\vartheta$ -functions)



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$$\mu_1^* \left( A_1' \right) = A_1^{-1} + A_1^{-1} A_2$$

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Dual cones spanned by tropical limits of  $\mathcal X$  variables- c-vectors

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- Result: Projective variety compactifying  $\mathcal{A}$ , endowed with ample line bundle  $\mathcal{L}$  and basis for the section ring of  $\mathcal{L}$ .

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- Result: Projective variety compactifying A, endowed with ample line bundle  $\mathcal{L}$  and basis for the section ring of  $\mathcal{L}$ . Just like construction of projective toric varieties by polytopes.

# Compactifications of $\mathcal X$

#### Remark

Previous construction cannot work for  $\mathcal{X}$ .

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- Generally not many  $\vartheta$ -functions.
- $\mathcal{X}$  generally not separated.

# Compactifications of $\mathcal X$

Treating  $\Delta^+$  as a fan:

$$\mathcal{X} = \bigcup_{\sigma \in \Delta^+(\max)} \operatorname{Spec} \left( \mathbb{C} \left[ \sigma^{\vee}(\mathbb{Z})^{\operatorname{gp}} \right] \right) / \sim$$

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- $\bullet$  Natural partial compactification of  ${\cal X}$
- Refinements of  $\Delta^+$  work as well

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 $\mathcal A$  mutation formula can take coefficients in semifield  $\mathbb P$  [FZ02, FZ07]

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The g-vector of a cluster monomial is the degree of its extension with principal coefficients.

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#### We introduce coefficients to $\ensuremath{\mathcal{X}}$ mutation formula

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We introduce coefficients to  $\mathcal{X}$  mutation formula **Principal coefficients:** 

$$\mu_{k}^{*}\left(X_{i}^{\prime}\right) = \begin{cases} X_{k}^{-1} & \text{for } i = k \\ X_{i}\left(\mathbf{t}^{[\operatorname{sgn}(\epsilon_{ik})\mathbf{c}_{k}]_{+}} + \mathbf{t}^{[-\operatorname{sgn}(\epsilon_{ik})\mathbf{c}_{k}]_{+}} X_{k}^{-\operatorname{sgn}(\epsilon_{ik})}\right)^{-\epsilon_{ik}} & \text{for } i \neq k \end{cases}$$

$$X_{2}\left(1 + t_{1}X_{1}\right) X_{2} \\ X_{1}^{-1} & X_{1} \\ X_{1}^{-1}\left(1 + t_{2}X_{2} + t_{1}t_{2}X_{1}X_{2}\right) \\ X_{2}^{-1}\left(1 + t_{1}X_{1}\right)^{-1} & X_{2}^{-1} \\ X_{2}^{-1}\left(t_{1}t_{2} + t_{2}X_{1}^{-1} + X_{1}^{-1}X_{2}^{-1}\right)^{-1} \\ X_{2}^{-1}\left(t_{1}t_{2} + X_{2}^{-1}\right) \\ X_{2}^{-1}\left(t_{1}t_{2} + X_{2}^{-1}\right) \\ X_{2}^{-1}\left(t_{2} + X_{2}^{-1}\right) \\ X$$

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- $\mathcal{X}$  variable  $X_{i;s}$  extends canonically to homogeneous variables of degree  $\mathbf{c}_{i;s}$ , whose  $\mathbf{t} \to 0$  limit is  $\mathbf{X}^{\mathbf{c}_{i;s}}$

## Connecting [RW17] and [GHKK18]

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  - RW NO-body and potential polytope with GHKK potential polytope

Batyrev-Borisov connection?

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